ADMINISTRATIVE ORDER OF THE CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE JUDGE OF THE COURTS

Pursuant to the authority vested in me, I hereby promulgate the attached revised New Model Preliminary Conference Order form (Exh. A) for optional use in the Commercial Division of the Supreme Court. Prior versions of this form are hereby repealed.

This order shall take effect on August 1, 2016.

Thief Administrative Judge of the Courts

Dated: June 24, 2016

AO/132/16

EXHIBIT A

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW Y COUNTY OF	=
	Present: Hon.
	Part:
Plaintiff(s)	Index No.:
- against -	RJI Filing Date:
	NEW MODEL PRELIMINARY CONFERENCE ORDER
Defendant(s)	
 APPEARANCES: Please include (1) your address; (3) your firm's telephone number; (5) your e-mail address. Plaintiff(s):	
Defendant(s):	

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II.	CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT AND ORDER:				
	The court recognizes that most cases in the Commercial Division involve facts that are highly sensitive. In such cases, in order for the parties to proceed to proper discovery, the parties should enter into a Confidentially Agreement which the court will "So Order."				
	The parties are directed to use the model Confidentiality Agreement promulgated in the Trial Part before which they are appearing. If the Trial Part does not have a specific form it uses, the parties are referred to the model Confidentiality Agreement promulgated by the City Bar found at: http://www.nycbar.org/pdf/report/ModelConfidentiality.pdf .				
	If the parties need to change the Confidentiality Agreement promulgated in the Trial Part or by the City Bar, the parties are to submit a signed Confidentiality Agreement with the changes and a red line copy for the court's to review.				
	The parties HAVE or HAVE NOT entered into a Confidentiality Agreement.				
	The Court HAS or HAS NOT "So Ordered" the Confidentiality Agreement and, if the Court has "So Ordered" it, on what date did the Court "So Order" it:				
	The parties WILL or WILL NOT be entering into a Confidentiality Agreement. If the parties WILL, please indicate when the parties expect to enter into the Confidentiality Agreement:				
	If the parties have decided that they WILL NOT enter into a Confidentiality Agreement, please provide the Court with an explanation as to the reason(s) the parties have decided not to enter into a Confidentiality Agreement.				

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III.	PRE	-ANSWER MOTIONS
	(a)	Has the Plaintiff served an amended complaint?
		If so, when
		What are the changes to the Complaint from the original to the amended complaint:
	(b)	Did Defendant(s) make a pre-answer motion to dismiss?
	(0)	YESNO
	(c)	When did the Court render its decision on the Motion to Dismiss?
	(d)	Is the Court's decision on Appeal?
		YESNO
	(e)	What Causes of Action remain in the Complaint after the Court's decision?
		(i) (ii) (iii) (other)
	(f)	When did the Defendant(s) file their answer to the Complaint:

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IV.		CRIPTION OF THE CASE: Pursuant to 22 NYCRR 202.12(c)(1), please ide a brief description of the factual and legal issues raised in the pleadings of ase:
	(a)	Plaintiff's salient facts in support of claims/counterclaim defenses:
	Amo	unt Demanded: \$
	(b)	If issue has been joined (i.e. if Defendant has answered the Complaint) Defendant's, salient facts in support of defenses, counterclaims and Third-Party Claims.
	Amo	ount Demanded on the Counterclaim/Third-Party Claims:
If the	re are	multiple defendants:
	(c)	If issue has been joined (i.e. if Defendant has answered the Complaint), Defendant,
	Amo	ount Demanded on the Counterclaim/Third-Party Claims:

Please use additional sheets, if needed.

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v.	DIS	COVERY
	Divi	hereby ORDERED that disclosure shall proceed pursuant to the Commercial sion Rules found at //www.nycourts.gov/rules/trialcourts/202.shtml#70
	(1)	GENERAL ADMONITIONS:
		The Preamble to the Commercial Division Rules, 22 NYCRR 202.70(g), states that the parties should be "mindful of the need to conserve client resources, encourage proportionality in discovery, promote efficient resolution of matters, and increase respect for the integrity of the judicial process." (Emphasis added.) Litigants and counsel who appear in this Court are directed to review the Rules regarding sanctions, including the provisions in Rule 12 regarding failure to appear at a conference, Rule 13(a) regarding adherence to discovery schedules, and Rule 24(d) regarding the need of counsel to be fully familiar with the case when making appearances
	(2)	DOCUMENT PRODUCTION
		All documents produced by any and all parties and non-parties MUST be Bates Stamped.
		Pursuant to Rule 11-e(a), 22 NYCRR 202.70(g)(11-e)(a) "For each document request propounded, the responding party shall, in its Response and Objections served pursuant to CPLR 3122(a) (the "Responses"), either:
		(a) state that the production will be made as requested; or (b) state with reasonable particularity the grounds for any objection to production.
		(a) Initial demands for discovery and inspection shall be served by all parties on or before

(b) Responses to demands shall be served by all parties on or before

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(3)	INT	ERROGATORIES		
	limit in the actio are li infor comp custo docu	ed to 25 in number, in the Preliminary Conference as well; (b) Unless imited to the following mation material and putation of each cate odian, location and great to the present the prese	including subparence Order. The softerwise ordered ordered ordered to the necessary to the gory of damage eneral description.	70(g)(11-a) "Interrogatories (a) are rts, unless another limit is specified is limit applies to consolidated ered by the court, interrogatories of witnesses with knowledge of e subject matter of the action, alleged, and the existence, on of material and necessary rance agreements, and other
	(a) In	nterrogatories shall b	e served by all	parties on or before
	(b) A	answer to interrogato	ories shall be ser	rved on or before
(4)	DEPOSITIONS OF INDIVIDUALS:			
	stipu depo third limit	lated to by the partie sitions (of individua -party defendants, sh	s or ordered by ls) taken by plan all be limited to conent." Please	70(g)(11-d),"(a) Unless otherwise the court:(1) the number of intiffs, or by defendants, or by to 10; and (2) depositions shall be review the remainder of Rule 11-d sitions.
	(a)	Please indicate tha timing of deposition	-	ve met and conferred concerning the
		YES	5	NO
		If YES, when	you meet and co	onfer
	(b)			ff on or before

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(c)	Plaintiff's deposition of Defendant(s) on or before
•	-,	
(6	d)	All depositions shall be completed on or before:

(5) DEPOSITION OF ENTITIES:

A new rule has been proposed (awaiting final action by the Board of Judges) concerning the deposition of entities such as a corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, public corporation, government, or government subdivision, agency or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.

The new Rule is intended to promote a more efficient process for deposition of entity representatives and reduce the likelihood of a mismatch between the information sought and the witness produced. The proposed Rule and the memorandum in support can be found at: www.nycourts.gov/rules/comments/index.shtml April 7, 2015 Proposed adoption of new Commercial Division Rule and amendment to Commercial Rule 11-d, relating to depositions of entity representatives.

The essential elements of the new Rule are (emphasis added):

- (i) A party wishing to take a deposition of an entity will serve a notice or subpoena enumerating those matters to be the subject of the deposition "with reasonable particularity."
- (ii) If the notice or subpoena does not name a particular officer, director, member or employee of the entity, the named entity must designate one or more officers, directors, members or employees or other individual(s) who consent to testify on its behalf; the identity, description and title of that individual; and the matter(s) on which that individual will testify.
- (iii) If the notice or subpoena does name a particular officer, director, member or employee of the entity, the entity, pursuant to CPLR 3106(d), shall produce that individual, unless, no later than ten days before the deposition, the entity designates another individual who consents to testify on its behalf, in the place of the named or

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subpoenaed officer, director, member or employee of the entity; and shall provide the identification, description or title of the new individual, and the matter(s) on which the individual will testify.

- (iv) Deposition testimony given pursuant to this Rule shall be usable against the entity on whose behalf the testimony is given to the same extent provided in CPLR 3117(2).
- (v) The deposition of an entity shall be treated as a single deposition even though more than one person may be designated to testify on the entity's behalf. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the cumulative presumptive durational limit is in effect but may be enlarged by agreement of the parties or upon application for leave of Court, which shall be freely given.

Names of entities to be deposed:

(i)	For Plaintiff:	
(ii)	For Plaintiff:	
(iii)	For Defendant(s):	
(iv)	For Defendant(s):	

Please use additional sheet if necessary.

(6) DISCLOSURE DISPUTES

Pursuant to Rule 14, 22 NYCRR 202.70(g)(14), discovery disputes will be resolved in the following manner:

- 1. If the Part Rules outline a mechanism to resolve discovery disputes, the Part Rules must be followed; or, if there are no Part Rules:
- 2. Follow the mechanism laid out in Rule 14, namely a party with a disclosure dispute shall write a letter to the Part, maximum 3-page single spaced in length, outlining the issue(s); the other side(s) may submit response letter(s) of equal length. The Part will then schedule a conference to, hopefully, resolve the dispute.

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(7)	IMP	LEADER:
		Defendant shall serve his Third-Party summons and complaint no later than 20 days after the end of the last deposition of a named Plaintiff and Defendant(s) and/or the last deposition of a representative of a named party.
(8)	ELE	CTRONIC DISCOVERY AND PRIVILEGE LOGS
	experior Division (c)(3) compartice case; burde to disproper	overy of Electronically Stored Information (ESI) is one of the most usive and challenging discovery categories. The new Commercial sion Rules, as it concerns electronic discovery, 22 NYCRR 202.12(b) and and an an an analysis of electronic discovery and related privilege logs. In assessing there the matter before the Court will benefit from electronic discovery, the established consider: (i) is there potentially relevant ESI material in the (ii) do the parties intend to rely on ESI; (iii) are there less costly or less ensome alternatives to secure the necessary information without recourse scovery of the ESI; (iv) is the cost of preserving and producing ESI ortionate to the amount in controversy; and (v) what is the likelihood that overy of ESI will aid in the resolution of the dispute.
	A.	ELECTRONIC DISCOVERY
	(a)	Will there be Electronic Discovery in the case:
		YESNONOT SURE
	(b)	Meet and Confer: Pursuant to Uniform Commercial Division Rule 8(b), 22 NYCRR 202.70(g)(8)(b), counsel MUST certify that they have met and conferred regarding electronic discovery, before the Preliminary Conference

Date(s) parties had their meet and confer conference(s):

(i)

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(ii)	Did the parties reach an agreement concerning electronic discovery
	YESNOPARTIALLY
(iii)	Are counsel at this Preliminary Conference sufficiently verse in matters related to their client's technological systems t discuss competently all issues relating to electronic discovery
	YES NO
Othe	er directives concerning electronic discovery.
-	following topics are to be updated and supplemented as ne mation becomes available.
(I)	Preservation: 22 NYCRR 202.12(c)(3)(a), (c) and (g)
(ii)	Production: 22 NYCRR 202.12(c)(3)(e),(d)
(iv)	Claw Back Provisions for inadvertent production:
(v)	Costs: Each party shall bear its own costs of production pursuant to U.S. Bank Nat'l Assoc. v. Greenpoint Mtge. Funding Inc. 94 A.D.3d 58 (1st Dep't 2012). In the event that costshifting becomes an issue, the parties shall follow the mechanism for Disclosure Dispute found in section (6).
Judio	cial Intervention
The p	parties anticipate the need for judicial intervention.
	YESNOMAYBE
	(ii) Other The infor (I) (ii) (iv) (v)

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(e) Discovery of Electronically Stored Information from Non-Parties:

Parties and non-parties should adhere to the Commercial Division's Guidelines for Discovery of Electronically Stored Information (ESI) from non-parties which can be found in Appendix A to the Rules of the Commercial Division.

B. PRIVILEGE LOGS

One of the most time-consuming and costly aspects of discovery in complex commercial litigation cases is the creation and maintenance of privilege logs. At present, privilege logs are governed by CPLR 3122(b) which mandates "that a party who intends to withhold documents because of privilege (must) prepare a 'privilege log' which (i) contains a separate entry for each document being withheld; (ii) provides 'pedigree' information for each such document and (iii) sets forth the specific privileges and immunities that insulate that document from production. (Memorandum concerning Privilege Log Practices in the Commercial Division at p.1)

THE CATEGORICAL or DOCUMENT-BY-DOCUMENT APPROACH

- (a) Rule 11-b, 22 NYCRR 202.70(g)(11-b), mandates that the parties meet and confer at the outset of the case and from time to time thereafter to discuss:
 - the scope of the privilege review;
 - the amount of information to be set out in the privilege log;
 - the use of categories to reduce document-by-document logging;
 - whether categories of information can be excluded from the logging requirements;
 - any other issues pertinent to privilege review. (Rule 11-b(a))
- (b) (1) The new rule clearly states that the preference in the Commercial Division is for the parties to use categorical designations where appropriate to reduce the time and costs

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associated with preparing privilege logs. . . . (An example of such a categorical designation is the designation that all communications between the client and the client's attorney AFTER the commencement of the action would be designated as exempt pursuant to the attorney-client privilege.) . . . The parties are encouraged to utilize a reasoned method of organizing the documents . . .

There are specific rules that must be followed to ensure that the documents contained in a categorical designation were properly placed in that category.

- approach, and instead insists on a document-by-document listing on the privilege log then . . . the requirements of CPLR 3122 must be followed. In that circumstance, however, the producing party, upon showing of good cause, may apply to the court for an allocation of costs, including attorneys' fees, incurred with respect to preparing a document-by-document privilege log
- (3) Even if a party insists on a document-by-document privilege log as contemplated by CPLR 3122 . . . each uninterrupted email chain shall constitute a single entry, and the description accompanying the entry shall include the following: (i) an indication that the e-mail chain represents an uninterrupted dialogue; (ii) the beginning and ending dates and times (as noted in the e-mails) of the dialogue; (iii) the number of e-mails in the dialogue; and (iv) the names of all the authors and recipients, together with sufficient identifying information about each person (e.g. name of the employer, job title, person's role in the case) to allow for a considered assessment of the privilege issue.

While there are other important section of the new Privilege Log Rule that will have to be considered and followed, these sections need not be repeated here.

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	(c)	Have both the Plaintiff and Defendant(s) read the Rules concerning Electronically Stored Information (ESI) and the new Privilege Logs:
		Plaintiff:YESNODefendant:YESNODefendant:YESNO
		Please use additional sheets if necessary.
	(d)	Pursuant to the new Electronic Discovery and Privilege Log Rules, have the parties met and conferred concerning ESI and Privilege Logs:
		YES NO
	(e)	If the Parties have met and conferred, when did they meet:
	(f)	Will the parties be choosing:
		Categorical Privilege Log: YESNO
		OR Document-by-Document Privilege Log:
		YESNO
(9)	END	DATE OF FACT DISCLOSURE:
	Fact !	Disclosure shall be completed by
(10)	EXP	ERT DISCOVERY (if any):
	Pursuant to the proposed Rule 13(c), 22 NYCRR 202.70(g)(13(c)), the hereby ORDERS that if any party intends to introduce expert testimony a or in support of a motion for summary judgment, the parties, no later thirty (30) days prior to the completion of fact discovery, shall confer	

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	schedule for expert disclosure – including the identification of experts, the agreement to exchange expert reports and the timetable for the deposition of testifying experts. Expert disclosure shall be completed no later than four (4) months after the completion of fact discovery.		
	In the event that a party objects to this procedure or timetable, the parties shall request a conference to discuss the objection(s) with the Court.		
	The note of issue and certificate of readiness may not be filed until the completion of expert disclosure.		
	Do the parties believe that there will be expert discovery in this case?		
	YES NO		
(11)	END DATE OF ALL DISCOVERY:		
(12)	NOTE OF ISSUE:		
	shall file a note of issue/certificate of readiness on or before		
	A copy of this P.C. order and all subsequent Compliance and Status Conference Order must be served and filed with the Note of Issue.		
(13)	DISPOSITIVE MOTION(S):		
	All dispositive motion(s) shall be made on or beforeor within days after the filing of the Note of Issue.		
	Please Note: If a party intends to use documents in their dispositive motion that the party wishes to file in a redacted form or under seal, the		

party must make an application to the court under 22 NYCRR 216.1(a) to have the Court issue a written decision specifying that there is

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		"good cause" for such document(s) to be filed in a redacted form or under seal. This should be done PRIOR to making a dispositive motion.
		Such dispositive motions may be filed by Order to Show Cause or Notice of Motion. The Court encourages the parties to confer and agree on the dates for the opposition and reply papers to be exchanged and e-filed.
	(14)	COMPLIANCE CONFERENCE:
		Parties or their representatives with knowledge of the case and this Preliminary Conference Order shall appear for a Compliance Conference on
		Parties or their representatives with knowledge of the case and this Preliminary Conference Order shall appear as well at all subsequent Status Conferences.
VI.	ALT	ERNATIVE DISPUTE RESOLUTION
		The judges in the Commercial Division encourage all parties to work toward a proper and just resolution of all the issues in the case. The judges of the Commercial Division believe that the parties are better served the earlier a proper and just resolution can be reached. Toward that end, the judges ask the litigants and their attorneys, on a continuous basis going forward, to consider any and all mechanisms to resolve the issues before them.
		• settlement conferences;
		participation in the Commercial Division's Alternative Dispute Resolution (ADR) (if applicable) and/or
		retention of a private mediator.

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		Please choses	indica	ate when the parties believe they will be ready to commence their nanism to resolve the issues in the case:
			(a)	Within sixty (60) days of the Preliminary Conference;
			(b)	Within thirty (30) days after document and interrogatory discovery has been completed;
			(c)	When depositions of the parties have been completed; or
			(d)	After the close of Fact Discovery and during the four month period of Expert Discovery.
VII.	ADDI	TION	AL D	IRECTIVES:
	Please you ar		_	ecific Rules found under the Part Rules of the Judge before whom
				of and follow all the Rules found at 22 NYCRR 202.70(g). comply with the following two Rules:
	Rule 2	2:		es shall immediately inform the court that an action has settled, discontinued or disposed of by submission of a stipulation or a;
	Rule 5	5:	servi respo	counsel MUST sign up for the FREE eTrack court notification ce to keep track of future court appearances. Counsel are also ensible for notifying all other counsel of future court appearances. See review the eTrack "Frequently Asked Questions" for details.

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		EREIN MAY NOT BE ADJOURNED R APPROVAL OF THE COURT.
	THE PARTIES MUST ORDERS TO ALL CO	BRING COPIES OF ALL DISCLOSURE NFERENCES.
	so	ORDERED:
DATE:		
		J.S.C.